Methane mitigation: pulling the emergency break on climate change.

Marcelo Mena, CEO



The Global Methane Hub



- Philanthropic effort to align funding on methane mitigation in the energy, agriculture, and waste sectors.
- Supporting **Global Methane Pledge** signatories and potential signatories in meeting the pledge and **going beyond**.
- Drive **coordination and collaboration** on methane advocacy while granting **ideas with the highest impact**.
- Cutting methane emissions is the fastest, most effective way to reduce the rate of global warming and contribute to limiting temperature rise to 1.5°C

40% of methane comes from fossil fuel extraction



60% of methane comes from



Food production Food waste

Policies, plans and regulation COP28 SUMMIT ON METHANE AND OTHER NON-CO2 GREENHOUSE GASES



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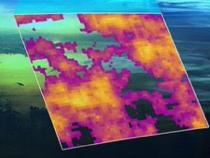
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Data, measurement and accountability







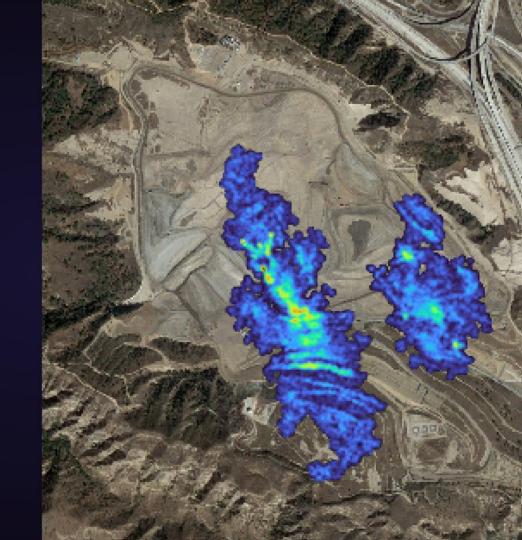
Buenos Aires landfill methane plume

28.6 tons CH4 / hour

1 Landfill = ~1.4 Million cars

The Sunshine Canyon Landfill

(March 2017)



The Sunshine Canyon Landfill

(March 2017)





Clean energy journalism for a cooler tomorrow

Landfill methane is a big climate problem. Here are some easy solutions.

The methane released by U.S. landfills could be cut in half in the next 25 years if the EPA adopts policies that some states have now, a new study finds.





The New York Times

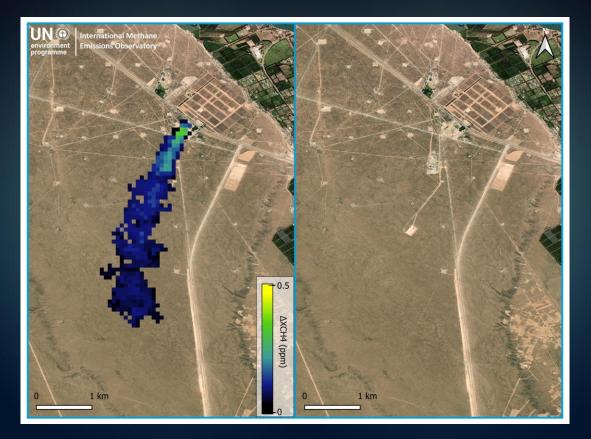
Leaks Can Make Natural Gas as Bad for the Climate as Coal, a Study Says

The bottom line: If gas leaks, even a little, "it's as bad as coal," explains RMI's Deborah Gordon, "It can't be considered a good bridge, or substitute."



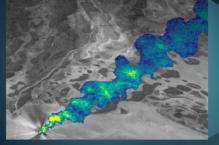


Methane Alert and Response System (MARS)



Data, measurement and accountability

Scientists say they've detected a huge methane leak in Kazakhstan



Bloomberg

Turkmenistan in Talks With US to Tackle Giant Methane Leaks

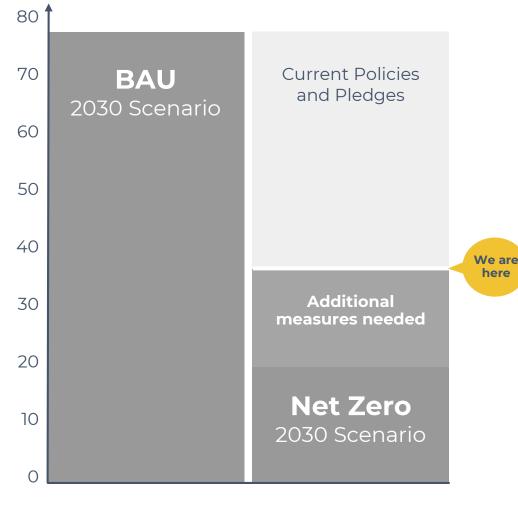


Bloomberg

Big LNG buyers and producers tighten methane monitoring



Financial Times



- Current policies and pledges can significantly reduce oil and gas emissions. We need 75% reduction by 2030. If pledges are reality we are 70% there.
- Expanding approaches such as EU import standards can help drive even more ambition, influence even more jurisdictions.

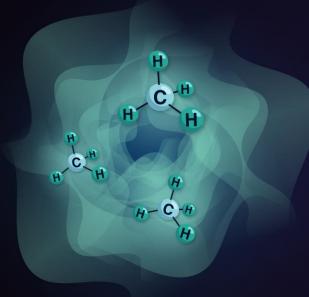
Source: IEA (2024).

THE SINGLE LARGEST

Anthropogenic source of methane

Capacity building

More emissions



Enteric Fermentation R+D Accelerator