U.S. Department of State Methane Mitigation from Pledges to Plans to Progress



Ilissa Ocko, Ph.D. Senior Advisor Office of the Special Presidential Envoy for Climate U.S. Department of State Office of the Special Presidential Envoy for Climate (SPEC) has made methane mitigation a **priority**



30% of current warming and **fastest** way to curb the climate crisis

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Strategies available to cut emissions in **half**, many affordable

Global reach that

leverages work of

domestic agencies

Priority areas

Driving PLEDGES

US and EU launched Global Methane Pledge in 2021, now has **155+** country participants

Facilitating **PLANS**

90+ countries have released or are developing methane action plans

Securing PROGRESS

Working across all sectors and with major emitters to implement projects and strengthen policies, while facilitating data tools and mobilizing funding, and with many agency and international partners

Securing progress across all sectors

AGRICULTURE 40%

ENERGY 40%

WASTE 20%

Current global methane emissions

UNEP Global Methane Assessment 2021

Securing progress by major emitters

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Sunnylands Statement on Enhancing Cooperation to Address the Climate Crisis

MEDIA NOTE OFFICE OF THE SPOKESPERSON NOVEMBER 14, 2023

> Recalling the meeting between President Xi Jinping and President Joseph R. Biden in Bali, Indonesia, t United States and China reaffirm their commitment to work jointly and together with other countries address the climate crisis. In this regard, U.S. Special Presidential Envoy for Climate John Kerry and China Special Envoy for Climate Change Xie Zhenhua met in Beijing from 16 to 19 July 2023 and at Sunnylands, California, from 4 to 7 November 2023 and released the following:

Methane and Other Non-CO2 GHG Emissions

 The two countries will implement their respective national methane action plans and intend to elaborate further measures, as appropriate.

11. The two countries will immediately initiate technical working group cooperation on policy dialogue, technical solutions exchanges, and capacity building, building on their respective national methane action plans to develop their respective methane reduction actions/targets for inclusion in their 2035 NDCs and support each country's methane reduction/control progress.

12. The two countries intend to cooperate on respective measures to manage nitrous oxide emissions.

 The two countries intend to work together under the Kigali Amendment to phase down HFCs and commit to ensure application of ambitious minimum efficiency standards for all cooling equipment manufactured.

Securing progress by facilitating data tools

UN @ environment programme

International Methane Emissions Observatory Methane Alert and Response System (MARS)



https://methanedata.unep.org/

ast Update: Nov 2023

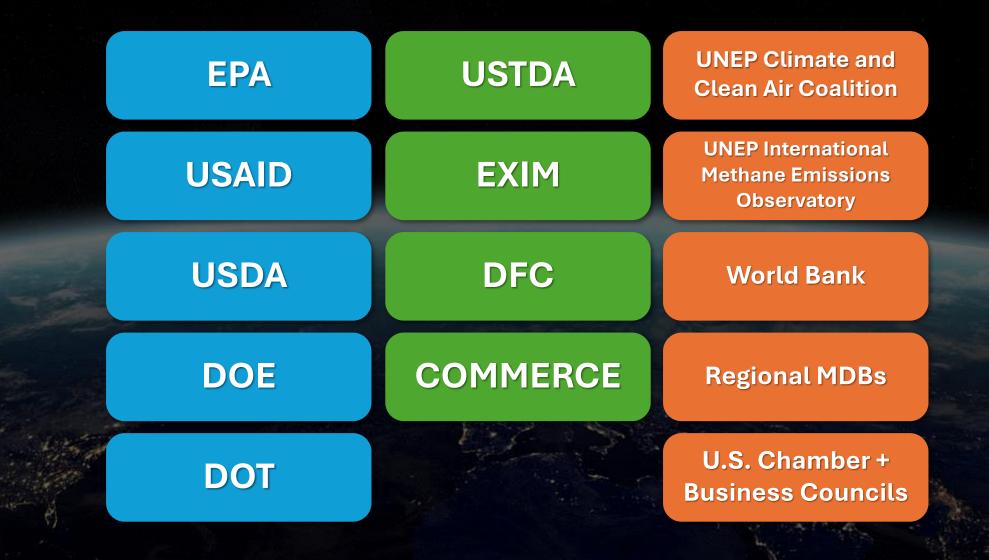
Securing progress by mobilizing funding

WORLD BANK GROUP GFMR

Global Flaring and Methane Reduction Partnership



Agency and international partners



Upcoming milestones: COP29



Methane and Non-CO2 Greenhouse Gases Summit hosted by US, China, and COP29 Presidency of Azerbaijan

Global Methane Pledge Ministerial hosted by US, EU, CCAC

Upcoming milestones: 2035 NDCs



United Nations Climate Change



DUBAI 2023

Support Global Stocktake consensus

39. *Reaffirms* the nationally determined nature of nationally determined contributions and Article 4, paragraph 4, of the Paris Agreement and *encourages* Parties to come forward in their next nationally determined contributions with ambitious, economy-wide emission reduction targets, covering all greenhouse gases, sectors and categories and aligned with limiting global warming to 1.5 °C, as informed by the latest science, in the light of different national circumstances;

Why methane mitigation is a **must**

1 Possible

Numerous strategies available to slash methane emissions

2 Practical

Many cost-effective opportunities and co-benefits

3 Powerful

Large climate and societal benefits from action